

## Exaton Ni59

Exaton Ni59 is nickel chromium molybdenum alloy of the type UNS N065059. It is a versatile alloy with excellent wet corrosion resistance for the most demanding applications. It combines excellent corrosion resistance in oxidizing and reducing media, has excellent resistance in chloride containing media and to localized corrosion environments. The grade has excellent thermal stability compared to other nickel alloys, and has therefore outstanding resistance to intermetallic precipitation during welding. The microstructure is fully austenitic. Exaton Ni59 is used for joining matching alloys or dissimilar joining to other nickel alloys such as UNS N10276 (2.4819), type UNS N06022 (2.4602), UNS N06625 (2.4856) and N08825 (2.4858). It provides strong, tough, Nb free weld metal for dissimilar welds in super austenitic and super duplex stainless steel joints or combinations of these with nickel alloys. Typical applications are: contaminated mineral acid environments such as sulfuric acid, hydrochloric acid, phosphoric acid, nitric acid etc, components in sulphuric acid coolers, digesters and bleachers, chemical, petrochemical, marine, pharmaceutical, energy production and pollution control.

### Specifiche

|                        |                                                                     |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Classificazioni</b> | SFA/AWS A5.11 : ENiCrMo-13<br>EN ISO 14172 : E Ni 6059 (NiCr23Mo16) |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |               |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Corrente di saldatura</b> | DC+           |
| <b>Tipo di lega</b>          | Ni-based CrMo |
| <b>Tipo di rivestimento</b>  | Basic         |

### Proprietà tensili tipiche

| Stato        | Resistenza allo snervamento | Resistenza alla trazione | Allungamento |
|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| ISO          |                             |                          |              |
| Come saldato | 500 MPa                     | 790 MPa                  | 35 %         |

### Proprietà prova Charpy con intaglio a V

| Stato        | Temperatura di prova | Valore tenacità |
|--------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| ISO          |                      |                 |
| Come saldato | -196 °C              | 40 J            |
| Come saldato | 20 °C                | 60 J            |

### analisi tipica del deposito

| C    | Mn  | Si   | S     | P     | Ni | Cr | Mo | Fe |
|------|-----|------|-------|-------|----|----|----|----|
| 0.01 | 0.2 | 0.15 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 60 | 23 | 16 | 1  |

### Dati deposito

| Diametro       | Amp      | Volt | Efficienza (%) | Tempo di fusione per elettrodo al 90% I max | Tasso di deposito al 90% I max |
|----------------|----------|------|----------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2.5 x 300.0 mm | 50-70 A  | 25 V | 60 %           | 50 sec                                      | 0.8 kg/h                       |
| 3.2 x 350.0 mm | 60-90 A  | 25 V | 62 %           | 63 sec                                      | 1.2 kg/h                       |
| 4.0 x 350.0 mm | 80-120 A | 27 V | 62 %           | 81 sec                                      | 1.4 kg/h                       |